

Drug Fact Sheet

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Morphine

Overview

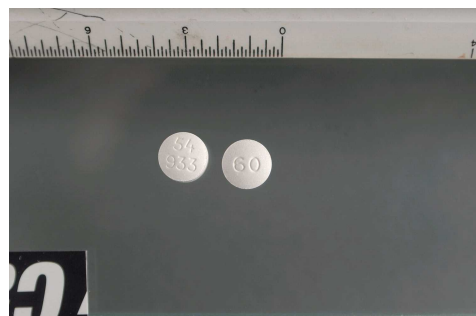
Morphine is a non-synthetic narcotic with a high potential for abuse and is the principal constituent of Opium. It is one of the most effective drugs known for the relief of severe pain.

Street names

Dreamer, Emsel, First Line, God's Drug, Hows, M.S., Mister Blue, Morf, Morpho, Unkie

Looks like

Morphine is marketed under generic and brand name products, including MS-Contin®, Oramorph SR®, MSIR®, Roxanol®, Kadian®, and RMS®.



Methods of abuse

Traditionally, morphine was almost exclusively used by injection, but the variety of pharmaceutical forms that it is marketed as today, including oral solutions, immediate-and sustained-release tablets and capsules, suppositories, and injectable preparations, support its use by oral and other routes of administration. Those dependent on morphine prefer injection because the drug enters the blood stream more quickly.

Affect on mind

Morphine's effects include euphoria and relief of pain. Chronic use of morphine results in tolerance and physical and psychological dependence.

Affect on body

Morphine use results in relief from physical pain, decrease in hunger, and inhibition of the cough reflex.

Drugs causing similar effects

Opium, Codeine, Heroin, Methadone, Hydrocodone, Fentanyl, Oxycodone

Overdose effects

Overdose effects include cold, clammy skin, lowered blood pressure, sleepiness, slowed breathing, slow pulse rate, coma, and possible death.

Legal status in the United States

Morphine is a schedule II narcotic.

Common places of origin

In the United States, a small percentage of the morphine obtained from opium is used directly for pharmaceutical products. The remaining morphine is processed into codeine and other derivatives.

This content came from a United States Government, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) website, www.getsmartaboutdrugs.com.

